## Eloquent peasant

## Parkinson (R)

Created on 2009-08-17 by Mark-Jan Nederhof. Last modified 2009-08-18.
Hieroglyphic following Parkinson (1991) for version R from line 1.1 to the point in line 8.5 where version B1, starting at line 33, can be considered to be the 'main' version. After that, only occasional snippets are included where version $R$ differs significantly from the other versions.

## Bibliography

- R.B. Parkinson. The Tale of the Eloquent Peasant. Griffith Institute, Ashmolean Museum, Oxford, 1991.


## Parkinson (B1)

Created on 2009-08-17 by Mark-Jan Nederhof. Last modified 2009-08-30.
Hieroglyphic following Parkinson (1991) for version B1 from line 33 to the end of line 357.

## Bibliography

- R.B. Parkinson. The Tale of the Eloquent Peasant. Griffith Institute, Ashmolean Museum, Oxford, 1991.


## Parkinson (B2)

Created on 2009-08-17 by Mark-Jan Nederhof. Last modified 2009-08-30.
Hieroglyphic following Parkinson (1991) for version B2 from line 91 to the end of line 142.

## Bibliography

- R.B. Parkinson. The Tale of the Eloquent Peasant. Griffith Institute, Ashmolean Museum, Oxford, 1991.


## Nederhof (R) - English

Created on 2006-11-04 by Mark-Jan Nederhof. Last modified 2015-08-06.
Transliteration and translation for The Eloquent Peasant, following the transcription of Parkinson (1991). Version $R$ is given where it is the main version, or where it differs substantially from the other versions.
The transliteration throughout follows Hannig (1995).

## Bibliography

- R. Hannig. Grosses Handwörterbuch Ägyptisch-Deutsch: die Sprache der Pharaonen (2800-950 v.Chr.). Verlag Philipp von Zabern, 1995.
- R.B. Parkinson. The Tale of the Eloquent Peasant. Griffith Institute, Ashmolean Museum, Oxford, 1991.


## Nederhof (B1) - English

Created on 2006-11-04 by Mark-Jan Nederhof. Last modified 2015-08-06.
Transliteration and translation for The Eloquent Peasant, following the transcription of Parkinson (1991). Version B1 is given where it is the main version, or where it differs substantially from the other versions.
The transliteration throughout follows Hannig (1995).
For published translations, see Lichtheim (1975), pp. 169-184; Parkinson (1997), pp. 54-88;
Simpson (1972), pp. 31-49. Further, Goedicke (1998) covers the second petition (the text from B1 119 to B1 170); Zonhoven (1992), pp. 271-272, covers the text up to B1 119. Also considered
where the examples from Allen (2000), Gardiner (1957), Graefe (1994) and Loprieno (1995).

## Bibliography

- J.P. Allen. Middle Egyptian: An Introduction to the Language and Culture of Hieroglyphs.

Cambridge University Press, 2000.

- R.O. Faulkner. A Concise Dictionary of Middle Egyptian. Griffith Institute, Ashmolean Museum, Oxford, 1962.
- A. Gardiner. Egyptian Grammar. Griffith Institute, Ashmolean Museum, Oxford, 1957.
- H. Goedicke. Comments Concerning the "Story of the Eloquent Peasant". Zeitschrift für ägyptische Sprache und Altertumskunde, 125:109-125, 1998.
-E. Graefe. Mittelägyptische Grammatik für Anfänger. Harrassowitz Verlag, Wiesbaden, 1994.
- R. Hannig. Grosses Handwörterbuch Ägyptisch-Deutsch: die Sprache der Pharaonen (2800-950 v.Chr.). Verlag Philipp von Zabern, 1995.
- A. Loprieno. Ancient Egyptian: a linguistic introduction. Cambridge University Press, 1995.
- M. Lichtheim. Ancient Egyptian Literature -- Volume I: The Old and Middle Kingdoms. University of California Press, 1975.
- R.B. Parkinson. The Tale of the Eloquent Peasant. Griffith Institute, Ashmolean Museum, Oxford, 1991.
- R.B. Parkinson. The Tale of Sinuhe and Other Ancient Egyptian Poems 1940-1640 BC. Oxford University Press, 1997.
- W.K. Simpson (editor). The Literature of Ancient Egypt: An Anthology of Stories, Instructions, and Poetry. Yale University Press, 1972.
- L.M.J. Zonhoven. Middel-Egyptische Grammatica: Een Praktische Inleiding in de Egyptische Taal en het Hiërogliefenschrift. Leiden, 1992.


## Nederhof (B2) - English

Created on 2006-11-04 by Mark-Jan Nederhof. Last modified 2009-06-15.
Transliteration and translation for The Eloquent Peasant, following the transcription of Parkinson (1991). Version B2 is given where it is the main version, or where it differs substantially from the other versions.
The transliteration throughout follows Hannig (1995).

## Bibliography

- R. Hannig. Grosses Handwörterbuch Ägyptisch-Deutsch: die Sprache der Pharaonen (2800-950
v.Chr.). Verlag Philipp von Zabern, 1995.
- R.B. Parkinson. The Tale of the Eloquent Peasant. Griffith Institute, Ashmolean Museum, Oxford, 1991.
1.1

Pa R
1.

1.1

Ne R | s pw wn(.w) Hew.n-Jnpw ${ }^{1}$ rn=f shtj pw n Sht-ḥm3t
1.1

Ne R I There was a man called Khunanup². He was a peasant of the Wadi Natrun, ${ }^{1}$ Cf. p. 356 of Allen (2000).
${ }^{2}$ Transcription following Parkinson (1997).

Ne R | jst wn ḥmt=f Mrt rn=s
1.2

I and he had a wife called Meret ${ }^{1}$.
${ }^{1}$ Transcription following Parkinson (1997).

Pa R
 $\langle$


Ne R dd.jn shtj pn $n$ ḥmt=f tn
Ne R This peasant said to this wife of his:



Ne R to fetch provisions there for my children. Go and measure for me the barley


Pa R


Ne R Then he measured for her six heqat of barley.

1.5

Ne R | dd.jn shtj pn $n$ ḥmt=f tn
1.5

Ne R I Then this peasant said to this wife of his:

Pa R


Ne R mt $[\ldots] n=\underline{t} j t h q 3 t 2 r^{c} q w h n^{c} \underline{h r d w}=\underline{t}$
Ne R 'Look, [...] two heqat of barley for rations to you and your children.

[^0]
 $m \mathrm{t}$ hanqt n hrw nb 1.6

Ne R I But prepare for me the six heqat of barley as bread and beer for every day,


NeR k3 ${ }^{\text {Cnh }}=\mathrm{j}$ jm=f | h3t pw jr.n shtj pn r Kmt
$\mathrm{Ne} R$ so that I shall live on it.' $\quad \stackrel{1.7}{\text { I Then this peasant left for Egypt, }}$

|  | $2.1$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Ne R 3tp. $\mathrm{n}=\mathrm{f}^{\text {C }}$ \% $\mathrm{W}=\mathrm{f}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.1 \\ & \mid \mathrm{m} \mathrm{j} 3 \end{aligned}$ |
| Ne R after he had loaded his donkeys | 2.1 <br> I with vine ${ }^{1}$, |
| ${ }^{1}$ Uncertain. |  |




## $5.5 \quad 5.6$

Pa R $\mid$ X
$\begin{array}{lll} & \stackrel{5.5}{ } & 5.6 \\ \text { Ne R } & \mid \text { Šnj-t }{ }^{\prime} & \mid \text { jnst } \\ & \stackrel{5.5}{ } & 5.6 \\ \text { Ne R } & \text { | fenugreek }{ }^{1}, & \mid \text { and anise }{ }^{2} ;\end{array}$
${ }^{1}$ Following Faulkner (1962); not confirmed by Hannig (1995).
${ }^{2}$ Uncertain.

| Pa R |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | 6.1 |
| Ne R | \| mh(.w) m jnw nb nfr n Sht-ḥm3't |
|  | 6.1 |
| Ne R | I abound with all good products of the Wadi Natrun. |



|  | 6.2 | 6.3 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Ne R | I Šmt pw jr.n shtj pn m hntyt | $\mid \mathrm{r}$ |
|  | 6.2 | 6.3 |
| Ne R | I This peasant then went south | I to |


6.4

Ne R Nnj-nsw spr pw jr.n=friwn
Ne R Herakleopolis, and he arrived in the district of
Pr-lffj r mḥtj Mdnjt
6.4

Per-IFefi ${ }^{1}$, to the north of Mednit. ${ }^{1}$ Transcription following Parkinson (1997).


Pa R


Ne R Nmtj-nht rn=f S' spw
Ne R His name was Nemtinakht ${ }^{1}$ and he was the son of a man I called Isry ${ }^{2}$.
1 Transcription following Parkinson (1997).
${ }^{2}$ Transcription following Parkinson (1997).
1 Transcription following Parkinson (1997).
${ }^{2}$ Transcription following Parkinson (1997).

6.6
| Jsry rn=f

Pa R
 Ne R dd.jn Nmtj-nht pn m33=f

Ne R And this Nemtinakht said, when he saw

Pa R 通 mмх x
6.7

Ne R dt pw nt jmj-r' pr wr
Ne R These were liegemen of the high steward
I Rensi ${ }^{1}$, son of Meru ${ }^{2}$.
${ }^{1}$ Transcription following Parkinson (1997).
${ }^{2}$ Transcription following Parkinson (1997).


|  | 7.2 <br>  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Ne R ¢ 3 byw jb=f | $\begin{aligned} & 7.2 \\ & \text { h ḥj n=j šsp nb } \end{aligned}$ |
| Ne R which were desirable to his heart: | 7.2 <br> I 'Would that I had some divine image |

## 7.3


7.3

Ne R $\quad{ }^{c}{ }_{W} \mathcal{J}=\mathrm{j}$ hanw n $\quad \mid$ shtj pn jm=f
Ne R with which I could rob the goods of this peasant!'
Pa R 4 A A
Ne R jst rf pr Nmtj-nht pn har smj-t ${ }^{3}$
Ne R Now, the house of this Nemtinakht was at a waterside path

Pa R


Ne R ḥns pw n wsh js pw
Ne R that was narrow, it was not broad:

## 7.5


7.5

Ne R | qnn=frshwn dijw
7.5

Ne R I it measured the width of a loincloth.

Pa R


7.6

I $\underline{\mathrm{hr}} \mathrm{mw} \quad \mathrm{kt} \underline{\mathrm{hr}} \mathrm{jt}$
7.6

I was under water, the other under barley.

Ne R dd.jn Nmtj-nhtt pn n šmsw=f
Ne R This Nemtinakht then said to a servant of his:
7.7

Pa R


NeR js $\quad \mid j n \mathrm{n}=\mathrm{j} \mathrm{jfd} \mathrm{m} \mathrm{pr}=\mathrm{j}$
7.7

Ne R 'Hurry, I and bring me a cape from my house!'

Pa R


Ne R jn.jn.tw=f $n=f$ hr- ${ }^{c}$
Ne R And it was brought to him immediately.

8.1

8.1

Ne R I Then he spread it out on the waterside path,
8.2
8.3

8.2
8.3

Ne R | han sdb=f hr mw npnpt=f | hr jt
$8.2 \quad 8.3$
Ne R I so that its hem came to rest on the water, and its selvage I on the barley.

Pa R


Ne R šmt pw jr.n shtj pn har w3t

$$
8.4
$$

Ne $R$ And this peasant came on the public path.



#  

Ne B1 jn nn rf $\underset{d}{ } \mathbf{j}=\mathrm{k} \operatorname{sw}\}=\mathrm{n}$
Ne B1 Will you then not allow us to pass

I on the path?'

Pa B1


Ne R ph.n=f rf dd
9.4
| mdt [...]
9.4

Ne R As he had finished saying | [...] words,

Ne B1
Ne B1
${ }^{C} h^{c} . n^{n} m h W^{c} m n^{3} n^{c}{ }^{3}$
Then one of the donkeys filled


Ne B1 | r$\}=\mathrm{f} m$ bit nt šm ${ }^{c} \quad$ dd.jn Nmtj-nht pn
41
Ne B1 I its mouth with a wisp of barley. And this Nemtinakht said:



Ne B1 mk sw rhbt har qn=f
Ne B1 It will tread (grain) for its offence.'

I dd.jn shtj pn
44
I This peasant then said:

# 45 <br>  <br> Ne B1 nfr mtnw $=j \quad w^{c} t$ <br> 45 <br> Ne B1 'My ways are good! A single thing <br> 45 <br> I has been destroyed; <br> ${ }^{1}$ What Parkinson ( $1991 ; 1997$ ) reads as 10 is here taken as $=\mathrm{s}$. 

Pa B1


Ne B1 jnn $=j{ }^{C} 3=j$ hr šn ${ }^{C} 10$
Ne B1 I will buy my donkey back for 10 times the value

Pa B1
Ne B1 jt=k sw

46


46
| har mḥw n ró=f m bit nt šm ${ }^{c}$
46

Ne B1 if you take it away I for filling its mouth with a wisp of barley.

Pa B1


Ne B1 jw $=\mathrm{j}$ grt
Ne B1 Now, I

Pa B1 ○Q min

48
| Rnsj
Rensi, son of Meru.

Ne B1 nj sj jmj-r' pr wr Mrw s’
Ne B1 it belongs to the high steward

I rh.kw nb n spit tn

## 7

I know the lord of this district;

| Be B1 nj sj jmj-r' pr wr Mrw sj |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Ne B1 it belongs to the high steward | Rensi, son of Meru. |

Pa B1


Ne B1 ntf grt hsff ${ }^{\mathrm{C}} \mathrm{w}^{3} \mathrm{nb}$ m th pn
Ne B 1 He is the one who restrains every thief in this entire land.

Ne B1 jn ${ }^{C}$ W $3 . t w=j$ rfm sp $3 t=f$
Ne B1 Shall I now be robbed in his district?'
Pa B1 B1 dd．jn Nmtj－nht
Ne B1 Then this Nemtinakht

| I said： |
| :--- |

## Pa B1 <br> 

Ne B1 jn p’ pw hn n mdt ddw rmt
Ne B1＇Is this not the proverb that people say：


51
Ne B1 \｜dm．tw rn n ḥwrw

Ne B1｜＂One mentions the name of a commoner only on account of his lord．＂？

Ne B1 jnk I pw mdw n＝k
52
Ne B1 I I am the one who is speaking to you，

## Pa B1 迎口C月f

Ne B1 jmj－r＇3 pr wr pw sh3y $=\mathrm{k}$
Ne B1 and it is the high steward whom you are referring to．＇


54
 54

54
Ne B1 I to him，and he thrashed all his limbs with it，

Pa B1


Ne B1 nḥm ${ }^{\text {C }} 3 \mathrm{~W}=\mathrm{f}$
Ne B1 took his donkeys away

I and drove them to his district.

56
Ра B1 дмm $150 \rightarrow \square$


Ne B1 wn.jn shtj pn har
56
I rmyt ${ }^{C} 3 \mathrm{~W}$ wrt
56
Ne B1 Then this peasant proceeded to I wail very loudly

Pa B1




Ne B1 n-mr-n jrryt r=f
Ne B1 on account of the wickedness of what was done to him.

Pa B1
Ne B1 | dd.jn Nmtj-nht pn $\quad \mathrm{mq} \mathrm{q}^{3}$ hrw $=\mathrm{k}$ shtj
57
Ne B1 I But this Nemtinakht then said: 'Do not raise your voice, peasant,
${ }^{1}$ The following ${ }^{\circ}$ in Parkinson (1991) is an erratum, confirmed by p.c. with the author on Sep 42000.


58
Ne B1 \| mk tw r dmj n nb sgr
58
Ne B1 I or you will go to the abode of the Lord of Silence.'
$P a \mathrm{~B} 1$ 出 $=1$ 4


Ne B1 dd.jn shtj pn
Ne B1 Then this peasant said:

59
$\mid \mathrm{h} w=\mathrm{k} \mathrm{wj}^{\mathrm{C}} \mathrm{W}{ }^{3}=\mathrm{k}$ h $\mathrm{h} \mathrm{nw}=\mathrm{j}$
59
| 'You beat me, you rob my goods,

Ne B1 nḥm=k rf
Ne B1 and you even deprive me of

| nhwt $\mathrm{mr} \mathrm{r}^{3}=\mathrm{j}$
60
I the lament from my mouth!


61
Ne B1 nb sgr $\underline{d j}=\mathrm{k}$ rk $\mathrm{n}=\mathrm{j}$
| jht=j jh tm=j sbh
61
Ne B1 Lord of Silence, may you give me back I my things, so that I need not scream
 12.3

Ne R | $\mathrm{nrw}=\mathrm{k}$
12.3

Ne R | to Your Fearsomeness.'
Ne B1 $\mathrm{nr}=\mathrm{k} \quad \stackrel{\text { 62 }}{\text { I jr.jn shtj pn }{ }^{\mathrm{c}}{ }^{c}{ }^{c} \mathrm{w}\{10\} \mathrm{r} \text { hrw } 10}$
Ne B1 to startle you.'

62
I Then this peasant spent a period of 10 days

 12.5

Ne R | Šmt pw jr.n shtj pn m hntyt 12.5

Ne R I This peasant then went south
Ne B1 šmt pw
Ne B1 This peasant then went to Herakleopolis in order to plead

# 65 <br>  <br> Ne B1 n jmj－r＇pr wr <br> 65 <br> ｜Mrw s’ Rnsj <br> 65 <br> I Rensi，son of Meru． 

Ра $\mathrm{B} 1<\square \square \Omega \rightarrow \Delta \rightarrow \infty$
Ne B1 r h3t r qjajbw＝f n
${ }^{\text {c }}$ rrlyt

Ne B1 to step into his official boat．


Ne B1 dd．jn shtj pn ḥ̉ rdj．tw $\quad$ swd ${ }^{〔}{ }^{68}=\mathrm{j} j \mathrm{jb}=\mathrm{k}$
Ne B1 And this peasant said：＇May I be allowed to inform you

Pa B1 凸1の
Ne B1 har pi hn n mdt
Ne B1 about this grievance．

Ne B1 sp pw｜rdj．tw jwt $\mathrm{n}=\mathrm{j}$ šmsw＝k n hrt－jb＝k
Ne B1 Perhaps
69
I one may have a servant of your choice
Pa B1 $\stackrel{\text { O }}{\circ} \mathrm{O}$
Ne B1
h $3 \mathrm{~b}=\mathrm{j}$
70

Ne B1 come to me，so that I may have him report to you about it．＇

Ne B1 rdj.jn jmj-r' pr wr Mrw s3 Rnsj

71
| šm šmsw=f $n$ hrt-jb=f tp-jm=f

Ne B1 And the high steward Rensi, son of Meru, had I a servant of his choice go to him,


Ne B1 and this peasant had him report back


Ne B1 about this entire matter.

Pa B1


Ne B1 wn.jn jmj-r' pr wr Mrw s3 Rnsj ḥr srht
Ne B1 Then the high steward Rensi, son of Meru, accused
74
 74
Ne B1 | Nmtj-nht pn n srw ntj r-gs=f 74
Ne B1 I this Nemtinakht to the officials who were with him.


Pa B1


Ne B1 smwn shtj=f pw jw n ky r-gs=f
Ne B1 'Perhaps it is a peasant of his who went to someone else beside him.

76
Pa B1
 $\eta_{1}^{m}$ I口eo 1.49 $\$$ 76
Ne B1 | mk jrrt=sn pw r shtjw=sn
76
Ne B1 I Look, that is what they do to peasants of theirs

|  |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| Ne B1 jww n | \| kt-ht r-gs=sn mk jrrt=sn pw |
|  | 77 |
| 1 who have gone to | \| others beside |


| $\text { Pa B1 } \ll \\|_{\text {I I }, ~}^{\infty}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Ne B1 sp pw n | ${ }^{78}$ hasf.tw n Nmtj-nht pn |
| Ne B1 Is this a cause for | 78 \| punishing this Nemtinakht, |


|  |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | 79 |
| Ne B1 hrr nh n ḥsmn | $\mid h_{n}{ }^{c}$ nh n ḥm3t |
|  | 79 |
| Ne B1 on account of a little natron | I and a little salt? |




Ne B1 it.' But the high steward Rensi, son of Meru, remained silent.


Ne B1 n wšb $=\mathrm{f}$
In nn n srw wšb=f $n$ shtj pn
82
Ne B1 He did not answer
I these officials, nor did he answer this peasant.


Pa B1
 84
$\mathrm{Ne} R$
$\mathrm{Ne} R$
Ne B1 jmj-r' pr wr Mrw s’
Ne B1 the high steward

sp tpj
for the first time.

14.2

Ne R | jmj-r’ pr wr nb=j wr nb wrw
14.2

Ne R I 'High steward, my lord, great one, lord of the great,
Ne B1 jmj-r' pr wr nb=j wr n wrw
Ne B1 'High steward, my lord, greatest of the great,

[^1]

87
Ра В1 \&
87
Ne B1
| nn kf ndbyt hat $\}=\mathrm{k}$
87
Ne B1
I the bunt will not strip away your sail,


Ne B1 nn
Ne B1 your ship will not lag,
jh/m dpwt=k nn jwt jyt m ht=k
no disaster will befall your rudder stock,


Ne B1 nn

Ne B1 your yards will not break,
you will not founder when you land,


90
| nn jt tw nwt
90
I no wave will carry you off,


Ne B1 nn dp=k diwt
Ne B1 you will not taste the evil
I of the river,

Pa B1


Ne B1 nn m ${ }^{3}=\mathrm{k}$ hr snd

$$
\text { jw } \mathrm{n}=\mathrm{k}
$$

Ne B1 you will not see the face of fear, but shy fish will come to you


Ne B1 ph $=$ k m 3pd
Ne B1 and you will catch fatted fowl.

I ddj hr ntt ntk jt n nmh
For you are a father to the orphan,


| Pa B1 $\qquad$ |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | 95 |
| Ne B1 Šndyt | \| nt jwtw mwt=f |
| Ne B1 and an apron | 95 <br> I to the motherless. |

Pa B1



Ne B1 jm jry=j rn=k m
Ne B1 Let me make your name in

96
It th pn r hp nb nfr
96
| this land according to every good


Ne B1 Sšmw šw
Ne B1 rule: leader free

97
$1 \mathrm{~m}{ }^{\mathrm{C}} \mathrm{Wn}-\mathrm{jb}$ wr šw m ndyt
97
I of greed, great one free of arrogance,

| Pa B1 | $1188=\pi$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Ne B1 | $\begin{aligned} & 98 \\ & 1 \\ & \text { shtm } \operatorname{grg} \operatorname{shpr} m 3^{{ }^{\mathrm{C}} \mathrm{t}} \end{aligned}$ |
| Ne B1 | 98 <br> I destroyer of falsehood, creator of truth, |

99
Ра B1 開 16.3

Ne R jm bw-dwr|t
NeR Cast evil on $\quad \begin{aligned} & 16.3 \\ & \text { I the ground! }\end{aligned}$
Ne B1 jj ḥr

99
| hrw dd-r'
99
I the voice of the caller.


Pa R



Ne R | dr $\operatorname{si} 3 \mathrm{r}=\mathrm{j} \quad \mathrm{mk}$ wj
16.5

Ne R | Relieve my distress, for I
101
Ne B1 dr
s3lr mk wj
Ne B1 Relieve the distress, for I
16.6
| 3tp.kw [m] jcnw
16.6

I am laden with sorrow

## 3tp.kw

am burdened!


| Pa R 进要边 |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | 102 |
| Pa B1 |  |
|  | 16.8 |
| Ner | 1 m 3hw |
|  |  |
| Ne R | ｜in distress！＇ |
|  | 102 |
| Ne B1 jp | ｜wj mk wj m nhw |
|  | 102 |
| Ne B1 Examine | I me，I am at a loss！＇ |

Pa B1 迤 口 gis millox en 103
Ne B1 jst rf
Ne B1 Now，

104

Ne B1 m rk ḥm n nsw－bjtj
$\circ \circlearrowleft \cup_{11}$
104
｜Nb－k3w－R ${ }^{c}$
104

Ne B1 in the time of the majesty of the king of Upper and Lower Egypt I Nebkaure，

Pa B1


Ne B1 mj ${ }^{\text {ch}}$－hrw šmt pw jr．n jmj－r＇pr wr
Ne B1 justified．The high steward Rensi，son of Meru，then went

Ne B1 tp－m ḥm＝f dd＝f
Ne B1 before His Majesty and said：

Pa B1


Ne B1 nb＝j jw｜gm．$n=j w^{c} m$ nn $n$ shtj nfr mdw $n$
Ne B1＇My lord，
I I have found one of these peasants who is truly eloquent．


Pa R


Pa B1 各 出 107

$\mathrm{Ne} R$

17.5
| jn s ntj $r{ }^{C} q^{3}=j$
17.5

I by a man who is my peer,
$\mathrm{Ne} R$
Ne B1 $\quad \mid$ wn-m3 ${ }^{c}{ }^{c} W^{3}$ h haw $=\mathrm{f}$
Ne B1
His goods have been robbed

Pa R


Pa B1
Ne B1 mk

| sw jw.w r spr n=j hr=s
Ne B1 and
I he has come to plead with me about it.'


109
Ne B1 | dd.jn ḥm=f $\quad$ m mrr $=k \mathrm{~m}^{3}=j$ snb.kw
109
Ne B1 I And His Majesty said: As you wish to see me in health,

## 110

Pa B1

|c) nn wšb r didt=f nbt 110
I here without answering anything he says.
Ne B1 you will delay him


Ne B1 jn-mrwt wn=f
Ne B1 So that he keeps
| ḥr dd gr
111
I speaking, remain silent.

$\begin{array}{llll}\text { Ne R } & n \text {-mrwt jn.tw } n=n \text { mdw=f } \quad m \text { sš } & l_{1}^{18.1} \\ \text { Ne R } & \text { so that his speech will be brought to us in writing. } 1^{18.1}\end{array}$
Ne B1 jh jn.tw $\mathrm{n}=\mathrm{n}$
Ne B1 Then it will be brought to us
m sš $\quad \mathrm{sdm}=\mathrm{n}$ st
in writing so that we may hear it.

## 112



Ne R $\quad$ jr swt ${ }^{c}$ nh hẹmt shtj pn
18.2

।
Ne R But provide sustenance for the wife of this peasant I

$$
112
$$

Ne B1 | jr swt ${ }^{\text {c }}$ nh $\operatorname{ḥmt}=\mathrm{f} \quad \operatorname{han}^{c} \underline{\operatorname{hrdw}}=\mathrm{f}$ 112
Ne B1 I But provide sustenance for his wife
and children.

Pa B1
 113
Ne B1 mk jw w ${ }^{\text {c m n }}$ ) | n shtj $r$ šwt $\mathrm{pr}=\mathrm{fr} \mathrm{t}$ )
Ne B1 That one of these peasants comes here is because his house is empty.

18.5

Ne R | [...] hnn ${ }^{c}$ swt jrt ${ }^{\text {cnlh }}$ shtj pn 18.4

Ne R | [...] Furthermore, provide sustenance for this peasant
Ne B1
jr grt ${ }^{C} n h$ shtj $p n$

114
| $\mathrm{m}-\mathrm{h}^{\mathrm{c}} \mathrm{w}=\mathrm{f}$
114

Ne B1 Furthermore, provide sustenance for this peasant I himself.

$\mathrm{Ne} R$
$\mathrm{Ne} R$
Ne B1 wnn=k ḥr rdjt dj.tw $n=f^{C} q w$
$\mathrm{nn} \mathrm{rh}=\mathrm{f}$
without him knowing
nn rdjt rh=f

Ne B1 You will let the provisions be given to him without letting him know

115


NeR ${ }^{18.6}$
18.6

NeR I
dd.tw n hnmsw $[=\mathrm{f}]$
They were given to friends of his,

Ne B1 \| ntt ntk rdj $\mathrm{n}=\mathrm{f}$ st
115
Ne B1 I that it is you who gave them to him.'

Pa B1


Ne R | jn hnmsw=f $\underset{\text { d }}{d} \mathrm{n}=\mathrm{f}$ st

$$
18.7
$$

Ne R I and his friends gave them to him.

Pa B1
Ne B1 wn.jn.tw ḥr rdjt n=f t 10 ḥnqt ds 2


116
$\mathrm{r}^{\mathrm{c}} \mathrm{nb}$
116

Ne B1 And he was given ten loaves of bread and two jars of beer I every day.


Ne B1 dd st jmj-r' pr wr Mrw s3 Rnsj
Ne B1 The high steward Rensi, son of Meru, gave them,

Pa B1 \&
Ne B1 $\mathrm{d} d \underline{d}=\mathrm{f}$ st n hnms $=\mathrm{f} \mathrm{ntf}$

117


117
| dd $\mathrm{n}=\mathrm{f}$ st
117

Ne B1 but he gave them to a friend of his, and it was he I who gave them to him.

Pa B1


会
Ne B1 ${ }^{C}{ }^{c}{ }^{c}$.n h3b.n jmj-r' pr wr Mrw s’ Rnsj
Ne B1 Then the high steward Rensi, son of Meru, sent a message


Pa B1
Ne B1 n ḥq3-ḥwt n I Sht-ḥm3t
Ne B1 to the mayor of I the Wadi Natrun

Ne B1 har jrt ${ }^{C}$ qw n hemt shtj pn
Ne B1 about making provisions for the wife of this peasant,

Ne B1 m jt hqqit $3 r^{c} \mathrm{nb}$
Ne B1 consisting of three gallons of barley every day.


Ne R n shtj pn m ḥnqt [ds] [...]
19.6
| t 50
19.6

Ne R to this peasant, consisting of [...] [jars] of beer I and fifty loaves of bread.
Ne R $\underline{d d}=\mathrm{f}$ st n hnmsw=f $\quad \mid \mathrm{jn}$ hnmsw $=\mathrm{f} \underline{\mathrm{d}} \mathrm{d} \mathrm{n}=\mathrm{f}$ st
19.7

Ne R He gave them to friends of his, I and his friends gave them to him.

## 119


Ne B1 $\stackrel{119}{\mid}$ jw.jn rf shtj pn r spr $n=f \operatorname{sp} 2$
119
Ne B1 I Then this peasant came to plead with him for a second time,


Ne R gm. $n=f$ sw I m prt $\mathrm{m}[\ldots]$
20.2

Ne R and found him I emerging from [...]

Pa B1
Ne B1 ${ }^{\text {d }}$ d=f jmj-r' pr wr nb=j wr n wrw
 120
I hwd n hwdw 120

Ne B1 and said: 'High steward, my lord, greatest of the great, I richest of the rich,

Pa B1


Ne B1 ntj wn wr n wrw=f
hwd $n$
| hwdw=f

Ne B1 whose great ones have one greater, whose rich ones have one richer,

Pa B1


Ne B1 rudder of heaven, I beam of earth,

Ne B1 plumb-line that carries the weight! Rudder, do not deviate!

Ne B1 \| ş̉w m gs’ hỉy m jr nwdw
123
Ne B1 I Beam, do not tilt! Plumb-line, do not swing awry!

Pa B1 19 \& 124 Ne B1 nb wr

Ne B1 A great lord

124
I takes what is without owner

Ne B1 har ḥc ${ }^{c}$ d $\operatorname{har}^{c} w^{c} \quad \underline{h r t}=\mathrm{k} \mathrm{m} \mathrm{pr=k}$
Ne B1 and robs only that. Your possessions are in your house.

Ne B1 | hanqt hnw hanc t 3
Ne B1 I Half a litre of beer and three loaves of bread,

Pa B1
$\square \triangle$ 朋

Ne B1 ptr pnqt=k m ssht
$t w^{3} \mid \mathrm{w}=\mathrm{k}$
Ne B1 what is it you expend to satisfy your dependants?


Ne B1 jn mwt mwt han ${ }^{c} \underline{\text { hrw }}=\mathrm{f} \quad$ jn-jw $=k$ r s n nḥh
Ne B1 A mortal man dies along with his underlings, or will you be a man of eternity?
Ра в1 \& \& \& ©
Ne B1 n jw $\quad \stackrel{127}{12}$ jpw jwsw gsi̋w th nnm

Ne B1 Is it not wrong, a balance that is crooked, the pointer of a balance that errs,

Pa B1



128

Ne B1 a truly correct man who strays? Look, justice is fleeing from you,


Ne B1 nš.tj m
Ne B1 expelled from

I its place. Officials are doing evil,

Ne B1 tp-ḥsb n mdt har rdjpt har gs
Ne B1 the norm of speech is biased

Ne B1 | sdmyw har hanp jtit=f
130
Ne B1 I and judges are carrying off what it seizes.

Ne B1 sj3tj pw n mdt $\mathrm{m}^{\mathrm{C}} \mathrm{q}$ ) $=$ =S
Ne B1 This means that he who twists speech from its correct sense


Ne B1 hr \| jrt rf nwdw jm=s
131
Ne B1 is I acting corruptly thereby.


Ne B1 rdj $\underline{\mathrm{B}} \mathrm{W}$ hr git hr t)
Ne B1 He who should give breath is suffocating on the ground,

Ра B1 $\|_{x}^{\infty}$ ¢
132

Ne B1 srfw
132
| hr radjt nšp.tw psšw m ${ }^{\text {c }}$ Wnw
132
Ne B1 he who should rest I is making people pant, the arbitrator is a cheat,

Pa B1



Ne B1 dd.jn jmj-r’ pr wr Mrw sj Rnsj
Ne B1 Then the high steward Rensi, son of Meru, said:

Pa B1


Ne B1 jn C3t pw n=k | jmy hrj-jb=k
Ne B1 'Is what is on your mind of greater concern to you
Pa B1 $\square$ 分
Ne B1 rjt tw šmsw=j dd.jn shtj pn
Ne B1 than that my servant might seize you?' But this peasant said:

Pa B1
Ne B1 h3̉w n

136


136

136

Ne B1 'He who measures I heaps (of corn) is pilfering for himself;

Ne B1 mh n ky har hqs h3̂w=f
Ne B1 he who fills for another is withholding from his amount;

Pa B1

Ne B1 sšm r
Ne B1 he who should govern according to I the laws is ordering theft.

Pa B1


Ne B1 nm jrf hsf=f bw-ḥwrw
Ne B1 Who then will repel evil?

Ne B1 dr
138
Ne B1 dr $\quad \mid$ n

138
I weakness is acting corruptly;

Ne B1 ${ }^{\text {Cq }}$ ’ ky hr h h 3 bb
Ne B1 he who should correct another is being crooked;
139
Pa B1
 139
Ne B1 \| wf ky jr jyt $\operatorname{tr} \mathrm{gm}=\mathrm{k} \mathrm{rk} \mathrm{n}=\mathrm{k}$ 139
Ne B1 I he who should reproach another is an evildoer. Do you find anything for yourself?


Ne B1 Redress is short but evil is long. A good deed returns to its place of yesterday.

Ne B1 wd rf pw jr n jrr
$10 \frac{\infty}{0}+\infty$
141
| r rdje jr=f
141

Ne B1 This is the precept: act for him who acts, I to make him act;

Pa B1


Ne B1 dw 3 -ntr n=f pw ḥr jrrt=f njt jht pw tp- ${ }^{c}$
Ne B1 it is thanking him for what he does; it is parrying a thing before
I shooting;

Ne B1 wd jht pw n nb ḥnt
Ne B1 it is commissioning something from a craftsman.

Pa B1
 143
Ne B1 hả3 ${ }^{3}$ t
sḥtm $=\mathrm{s}$
$\mathrm{pn}^{\mathrm{c}} \mathrm{m} \mathrm{rwj}=\mathrm{k}$
Ne B1 Would that a moment would destroy, havoc in your vineyard

Ne B1 pr m’̉w šp jrwt
sdmw shw
Ne B1 He who should see has turned blind, one who should hear deaf,

Pa B1
145

145
Ne B1 I and one who should lead has gone astray.

146
Ne B1 | ${ }^{\text {C }}$ nbrw jn tr $\operatorname{snb} . \mathrm{n}=\mathrm{k}$
146
Ne B1 | Basket ${ }^{1}$ ! Have you (not) gone too far?
${ }^{1}$ Uncertain, but not altogether implausible if meant figuratively as "someone accumulating wealth"; cf. B1 164.

147
Ne B1 jrr=k r=k jrf
r-|m
Ne B1 Why do you act against yourself?

Pa B1

$\rightarrow 0 \rightarrow \square$
Ne B1 mk tw nht(.tj) wsr.tj ${ }^{\mathrm{C}}=\mathrm{k} \mathrm{pr}(. \mathrm{w})$
Ne B1 Look, you are strong and powerful, your arm is strenuous,

Ne B 1

148
Ne B1 I but your heart is greedy and mercy has left you.

|  | $38148 \text { 为 }$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Ne B1 nh.wj | $149 \text { m3r sky=k }$ |
| Ne B1 How lamentable | 149 <br> I is the poor man you ruin! |

Pa B1


Ne B1 twt=k n

Ne B1 You are like
| wpwtj n Hntj
I the messenger of Khenty.

Pa B1


Ne B1 mk tw sw $3 . \operatorname{tj} \mathrm{h} r$

151
| nbt j3 dw
151
I the Lady of Pestilence;

Ne B1 Look, you surpass



Pa B1

| emmare |
| :---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

Ne B1 nn $n=k$ nn $n=s$
Ne B1 if something is not for you, it is not for her;
Ne B1 nn (r) $=$ s nn $\mathrm{r}=\mathrm{k}$
Ne B1 if something is not against her, it is not against you;
152


152
Ne B1 \| $\mathrm{n} \mathrm{jrr}=\mathrm{k}$ st $\mathrm{n} \mathrm{jrr}=\mathrm{S}$ st sf nb t

Ne B1 I if you won't do it, she won't do it. Who possesses bread should be merciful

Pa B1
Ne B1 nht n


I har $\quad$ twt bwt n jwtw jht=f
153

Ne B1 whereas brutality is for I the criminal. Theft suits those without belongings,

| Pa B1 |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Ne B1 |  |
| Ne B1 | I hne jht jn hnr |
| I things are robbed by a criminal. |  |

155

155
Ne B1 sp bjn jwtj Šwjw
| nn rf ts.tw jm=f
155
Ne B1 But an evil act of someone without need, I is he not to be rebuked?

C1 $88 A_{\text {mм }}^{\text {m }}$

156
$15 \mathrm{mt}=\mathrm{k}$
156
I with your bread


157
Ne B1 th.tj m ḥnqt=k $\quad j w=k$ hwd.tj m sšrw | nbw
Ne B1 and drunk with your beer, and you are rich in every respect.


Ne B1 jw ḥr n ḥmy r-ḩ̣t
sbn dpt r | mrr=s
158
Ne B1 While the face of the helmsman is forward, the ship deviates as I it pleases.

Pa B1 Pf e
$\mathrm{NeB1}$ jw nsw m hntj
$\mathrm{NeB1}$ While the king is in the stateroom and the helm is in your hand,
Ра B1 $\left.\right|_{=} ^{159}$ ค C $\} \int 4$ N
159
Ne B1 \| rdj.tw jyt m h3̌w=k
159
Ne B1 I evil is placed near you.


Ne B1 My plea is long, and the division is difficult.
Pa B1 $\triangle \times 48$ sin
Ne B1 jšst pw ntj jm anctw
Ne B1 "What's with him there?" people say.

Ne B1 jr jbw $\quad \left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { snb mryt }=k\end{aligned}\right.$
Ne B1 Create shelter I so that your shore will be safe,



162
Ne B1 for look, your harbour is surrounded by crocodiles! | May your tongue be truthful


Ne B1 so that you won't go astray! That organ in a man is his canker-worm.

Pa B1


Ne B1 m dd grg S’W Srw
Ne B1 Don't speak falsehood! Beware of officials!
164
Ра B1
164
Ne B1 | mndm pw ${ }^{\text {c }}$ dyw sdmyw
Ne B1 I The judges are a fattened basket ${ }^{164}$;
${ }^{1}$ Meant figuratively: "rich from bribes".



Pa B1


Ne B1 jn hm $=\mathrm{k}$ m h3 $3 \mathrm{w}=\mathrm{j}$
167



26.426 .5

Ne R I Look, I am laden with I sorrow. Look, I am in your hands,
Ne B1 mk wj $\underline{\text { hr }}$
Ne B1 Look, I am under
| mtnw jw
168
I way without a ship.


Ne R šd wj | m hỉw dr $\operatorname{dr}[\ldots]=\mathrm{k}$
26.8

Ne R save me I in the domain within your reach!'

Ne B1 hdr=k wj m h3̉w
I that is within your reach!'

Ne B1 jw.jn rf shty pn r spr n=f 3nw sp
Ne B1 And this peasant came to plead with him for a third time.

Pa B1
Ne B1 d d $=\mathrm{f} \quad \mid \mathrm{jmj}-\mathrm{r}^{\prime}$ pr wr nb $=\mathrm{j} \quad$ ntk $\mathrm{R}^{c} \mathrm{nb}$ pt $\mathrm{han}^{c}$

Ne B1 He said: । 'High steward, my lord, you are Re, lord of heaven, with your courtiers.


Ne B1 ntk $\mathrm{H}^{C}$ pj sw’́d šỉw
Ne B1 You are Hapi, who makes the meadows green



Ne B1 bw pwn fnd jrt m’ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ t
Ne B1 "Doing justice is breath for the nose."

Ne B1 | jr hsft r hsfw n=f
178
Ne B1 I Inflict punishment on him who ought to be punished,

Pa B1 $○$ ○ 〇


Ne B1 nn sn.tw r
tn-lhsh
jn-jw jwsw nnm=f
179
Ne B1 and none will surpass I your rectitude. Does the 'hand'-balance ${ }^{1}$ err?
1 "Handwaage".

Pa B1


Ne B1 jn-jw
I mhit ḥr rdje ḥr gs
180
I the 'stand'-balance ${ }^{1}$ biased?
1 "Standwaage".


181
| $s f n=f$ jh $\{r\}^{1} \mathrm{jr}=\mathrm{k} j \mathrm{jyt}$
181
I lenient? Then may you do evil!
${ }^{1}$ To be emended to $r$ (Parkinson, 1991).

| Pa B1 ANo | ${ }^{182} \square{ }_{\text {min }}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | 182 |
| Ne B1 rdj $=\mathrm{k}$ tw snnw n | \| 3 pn |
|  | 182 |

Ne B1 You should set yourself equal to I these three;

183
Ne B1 jr sfn $3 \mathrm{hr}=\mathrm{k} \operatorname{sfn}=\mathrm{k}$
m | wšb nfrt m bjnt 183

Ne B1 if the three are lenient, then you must be lenient. Do not I answer good with bad.

Pa B1


Ne B1 m rdj kt m st kt
Ne B1 Do not put one thing in place of another.

## 184

Ра B1 $\mid$
184
Ne B1 $\mid$ rwd $^{1}$ mdt r snmyt
184
Ne B1 | The spoken word is more persistent than weed ${ }^{2}$,
${ }^{1}$ Or rd, "grow".
${ }^{2}$ Lit. "snmyt-plants".



189
 Ne B1 S’̉W

Ne B1 Be careful that

189

189
I you do not run aground, while at the tiller.

190
$\mid$ jrt m ${ }^{3} \mathrm{C}$ t $\{\mathrm{w}\}$
190
I is to do justice.

PaB1


Ne B1 m dd grg jw=k wr.tj
Ne B1 Do not speak falsehood, for you are mighty.


Ne B1 m js
191
$\mid j w=k$ dns.tj
191
Ne B1 Do not be light-hearted, I for you are weighty.

Pa B1


Ne B1 m dd grg ntk jwsw
Ne B1 Do not speak falsehood, for you are the balance.

Pa B1
192


Ne B1 \| m tnbhw ntk tp 192
Ne B1 I Do not be careless, for you are the key.

Pa B1
 193

Ne B1 mk tw m tp w ${ }^{\text {c }} \quad$| 193 | ḥn $^{c}$ jwsw |
| :--- | :--- |

Ne B1 You are just
I like the balance:

| $\text { Pa B1 } \sim \text { ค }$ |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | 194 |
| Ne B1 jr gs ${ }^{\prime}=\mathrm{f} \mathrm{hr}=\mathrm{k}$ | $\lg \{\mathrm{w}\} \mathrm{s}\}=\mathrm{k}$ |
|  | 194 |
| Ne B1 if it is crooked, then you mus | I be crooked. |

[^2]Pa B1
路
Ne B1 m jt jr rkr jtw
Ne B1 Do not rob, but act against the robber.
196

196
Ne B1 $\mid$ n wr js pw wr jm ${ }^{\text {c }}$ wn-jb
196
Ne B1 I A great one who is greedy is not (really) great.


Ne B1 th pw |ns=k
Ne B1 Your tongue is the pointer (of the balance),


Ne B1 dbn pw jb=k rmnw=f pw $\quad$ sptj $1=k j$
Ne B1 your heart is the weight, and your lips are its arms.



Ne B1 mk tw m

200
| ḥwrw n rhtj
200
I a dishonourable washerman

Ne B1 Look, you are

Pa B1


Ne B1 ${ }^{\text {c }}$ Wn-jb hrr ḥdt
Ne B1 who is keen on destroying

Ра B1 IMA边
Ne B1 bt’ n mḥnk=f n
$t w\}=f$
Ne B1 one who wrongs his confidant for his client;

Ne B1 $\mathrm{sn}=\mathrm{f}$ pw jy jn $\mathrm{n}=\mathrm{f}$
Ne B1 anyone who comes and supplies to him is his brother.

Pa B1
203


Ne B1 mk tw
203
m|hntj $\underline{\mathrm{d}}^{3}$ nb hmt
203
Ne B1 Look, you are a ferryman I who ferries across anyone who has the fare,

Pa B1

$\mathrm{NeB1}{ }^{\text {c }}$ qjy
204
${ }^{c}{ }^{c}{ }^{3}$ ) $=\mathrm{f}$ fdq. w
204
I whose righteousness has crumbled.
Ne B1 a righteous man $\theta$ © $\rightleftharpoons$ ค
Pa B1


Ne B1 mk tw m ḥrj šn ${ }^{c}$ w
Ne B1 Look, you are the chief of a workhouse


205

Ne B1 I who won't let an unemployed person through at once.


Ne B1 mk tw $\quad \stackrel{206}{ }$ tnhar n rhyt
206
Ne B1 Look, you are I a hawk to the people,

Pa B1


Ne B1 ${ }^{\text {chh }}$ m ḥwrww nw

Ne B1 one who lives on defenceless
| 3pdw
207
| birds. birds.

07


Ne B1 mk tw wdpw rš=f pw rhs
Ne B1 Look, you are a cook whose joy is to slaughter,


Ne B1 I and who is not touched by the gruesomeness thereof. Look, you are a herdsman;

Ne B1 n d $w=s$ js $\mid r=j \quad n j p . n=k$
Ne B1 is it not bad for me then that you cannot be prudent?

Pa B1



10

210
Ne B1 jh jr=k nhw m msh | skn
Ne B1 May you become less like a ravenous crocodile,

Ne B1 jbw tš(.w) r dmj n ţ r-dr=f
Ne B1 for shelter has vanished from the harbour of the entire land.

[^3]Pa B1
 $-4 C 8$ ${ }_{212}$ Ne B1 jw mjn Ne B1 Now

212
| 3 hsf.n=j $3 d w$
212
I I have spoken out against the aggressor,

Ne B1 jw msḥ ht=f ptr rf | km jrj $\mathrm{n}=\mathrm{k}$

213
Ne B1 and the crocodile retreats. But what is I the gain thereof to you?


Ne B1 The secret of the truth will be found, and falsehood will be cast on the ground.

Ne B1 m grg dw 3
$\mathrm{n} j \mathrm{j} t=\mathrm{f}$
Ne B1 Do not make provision for the following day before it has come,

215
Ne B1 n | rh.n.tw jyt jm=f
Ne B1 since one cannot know what is going to happen in it.'


Ne B1 jstr rf dd.n shtj pn mdt Itn jmj-rí pr wr Mrw s3 Rnsj
Ne B1 When this peasant had said these words, the high steward Rensi, son of Meru,
Ра B1 $\xlongequal[\text { min }]{n} \infty<4 \infty$
Ne B1 r pg ${ }^{3}{ }^{\text {n }}{ }^{\text {c }}$ rryt
Ne B1 went to the entrance of the portal,

217
Ne B1 $\left.{ }^{c} \underline{h}^{c} . n \operatorname{rd} j . n=f^{c} h^{c} j m j-s\right) 2 r=f \underline{h r}$ smjw
217
Ne B1 I and made two guards turn against him with whips,

$\mathrm{Ne} B 1{ }^{\mathrm{C}}{ }^{\mathrm{C}} . \mathrm{n}^{\mathrm{n}}$
${ }^{C} \mid g=\operatorname{sn}^{C} t=f$ nbt jm dd.jn shtj $p n$
Ne B1 and they thrashed all his limbs therewith. Then this peasant said:

|  |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | 219 |
| Ne B1 sj Mrw | lnm.hr=f |
|  | 219 |
| Ne B1 'So the son of Meru | I must go astray, |


Ne B1 hrr=f šp(.w) r m3̉t=f sh(.w) r sdmt=f

Ne B1 since his face is blind to what he sees and deaf to what he hears,
220
Ра B1
220
Ne B1 | th(.w) jb ḥr shǐyt $\mathrm{n}=\mathrm{f}$
Ne B1 I and is straying from what it is reminded of.

Pa B1


221

Ne B1 mk tw m njwt
| nn ḥq3-ḥt=s mj ht nn wr=s
Ne B1 Look, you are a town
I without a mayor, like a meeting without a chairman,

Pa B1 $\quad \square$
222
Ne B1 mj dpt | nn shry jm=s
Ne B1 like a ship I without a captain,
Na B1 Lis B1 smyyt nn
Ne B1 like a gang without a leader.

Ра B1 س○C 心
Ne B1 mk tw m šnt j $\mathfrak{b}$ hqu’-hwt šspw
Ne B1 Look, you are a policeman who steals, a major who accepts (bribes),
Pa B1 $\left.\right|_{224} ^{224}$ 会
Ne B1 \| jmj-r' w hsf $\mathrm{h}^{\mathrm{c}}{ }^{\mathrm{d}}{ }^{3}$
224
Ne B1 I a district overseer who should restrain robbery

Pa B1


Ne B1 hpr m jmj-ḥ̂t n jrr
Ne B1 but who has become a pattern for the criminal.'


225
Ne B1 \| jw.jn rf shtj pn r spr n=f 4nw sp
225
Ne B1 I And this peasant came to plead with him for a fourth time,

| $\text { Pa B1 } \square \rightarrow \infty \text { ค }$ |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Ne B1 gm.n sw hrr | ${ }^{226}$ prt m sbj n ḥwt-ntr nt Herj-š=f |
|  | 226 |
| Ne B1 and found him | I emerging from the gate of the temple of Arsaphes. |




Ne B1 may Arsaphes, from whose temple you have come, praise you!

Ne B1 had bw-nfr nn jcbt=f
Ne B1 Goodness has been harmed; there is no accumulation of it,

Pa B1
Ne B1 pth sin

229


Ne B1 nor is there casting of I falsehood on the ground. Has the ferry sunk?


$$
230
$$

Ne B1
Ne B1

$$
\text { s|d } \underline{d}^{3} . t w ~ j r f ~ m ~
$$

Who can be ferried across

Ne B1 shpr sp m msdd
Ne B1 when the one who should bring about the deed is unwilling?

Pa B1
231


Ne B1 d $3 \mathrm{t} \quad \mid \mathrm{j}$ trw $\mathrm{m} \mathrm{s} \mathfrak{j} \underline{\mathrm{tb}} \mathrm{tj}$ dit nfr nn 231
Ne B1 Crossing I the river on foot: a good crossing, or not?

## 232

Pa B1 1 mm ——○
232
Ne B1 \| nm tr sḍr r sšp
232
Ne B1 I Now, who can sleep till dawn?

|  | $\stackrel{\Delta}{\Delta} 8 \stackrel{\text { ® }}{233} \Omega \pi \Omega$ |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | 233 |
| Ne B1 ḥd šmt m | \| grh sbj m hrw |
|  | 233 |
| Ne B1 For obstructed are going by | I night, travelling by day, |

Pa B1


Ne B1 rdjt ${ }^{c}{ }^{c}{ }^{c} \mathrm{~s}$ r
234

Ne B1 and letting a man attend

234
I his truly good cause.

|  |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |




Ne B1 mk two mḥw
Ne B1 Look, you are a hunter

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 237 \\
& \mathrm{~J}^{\mathrm{c}} \mathrm{jb}=\mathrm{f} \\
& 237 \\
& \text { | who slakes his desire, }
\end{aligned}
$$

Ne B1 wddrjrt mrt=f

Pa B1


Ne B1 nn hỉh rís šw m w ${ }^{c}$ rw
Ne B1 Yet there is none hasty of speech who is free of spluttering,
 240
Ne B1 \| nn js-jb dns shr ht
240
Ne B1 I and none light of heart who is weighty of thought.

241
Ne B1 W3 ${ }^{\text {h }}$
$\mathrm{l} j \mathrm{~b}=\mathrm{k} \mathrm{rb}=\mathrm{km} \mathrm{m}^{\mathrm{c} \mathrm{t}}$

Ne B1 Be tender-hearted, so that you will learn justice!



Pa B1
Ne B1 mn mn h 3 h job
244


Ne B1 and there is no impatient man

244 | jn.tw

244
I whom one turns to.

Pa B1
 - ©nideosu


Ne B1 sgmh jrtj swdí.tw yb
Ne B1 Let the eyes see so that the heart be informed.

Pa B1


Ne B1 m k3hlsw hit wsr=k
tm apr bw-dw rok
Ne B1 Don't be haughty in proportion to your might, so that evil doesn't reach you.
246

246
Ne B1 \| sw ’ haar sp jw=fr nw
246
Ne B1 I Tolerate one misdeed, and it will become two.
mm


Ne B1 jun wnw dp
| jo wšdw wšb=f
I so one who is questioned replies;
Ne B1 It is the eater who tastes,

Pa B1



Ne B1 jun sdrw mi
Ne B1 it is the sleeper who dreams.


| Pa B1 作 品 | —oc |
| :---: | :---: |
| Ne B1 jw=f m jmj-ḩt n jrr $\quad$ wh3 | $\stackrel{250}{1} \mathrm{mk} \text { tw ph.tj }$ |
| Ne B1 he is a pattern for the criminal. Fool, | 250 look, you are found out! |



Ne B1 Ignoramus, look, you $\quad$ I are questioned!


Ne B1 pnqy mw mk tw ${ }^{C}$ q.tj
Ne B1 Bailer of water ${ }^{1}$, look, you are noticed!
${ }^{1}$ Meant figuratively: "someone urinating".

Pa B1


Ne B1 | ḥmy m sbn dpwt=k
252
Ne B1 | Helmsman, don't let your ship go off course!

Pa B1


253

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 253 \\
& \text { | m rdij mwt.tw } \\
& 253 \\
& \text { I don't let people die! }
\end{aligned}
$$



Ne B1 sḥtmw m rḍj

254
| ḥtm.tw
254
| people perish!

Ne B1 Destroyer, don't let

Ne B1 šwyt m jr m šw
Ne B1 Shade, don't be as the blazing sun!

Pa B1


255

Ne B1 jbw
255
\| m rdj j jt msh
255
Ne B1 Shelter,

I don't let the crocodile snatch!

Pa B1



Ne B1 4nw sp3m spr n=k | jn rf wrš=jr=f 256
Ne B1 The fourth time already of pleading with you; I shall I spend all day at it?'

| $\text { Pa B1 } \triangle \text { C } \sum_{x}^{\min } \text { difl }$ |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| Ne B1 jw.jn rf shtj pn r | \| spr n=f 5nw sp |
|  | 257 |
| Ne B1 And this peasant came to | I plead with him for a fifth time. |

Pa B1


Ne B1 He said: 'High steward, my lord, the netter is [...] [fish],
${ }^{1}$ Following the suggestion by Parkinson (1991).

Pa B1
 $1425 \rightarrow 2$ 259
Ne B1 nlyw ${ }^{1}$ har sm3 jy
Ne B1 the nyw-fisherman ${ }^{2}$ is killing jy-fish,
${ }^{1}$ Uncertain.
2 Uncertain.


Ne B1 the fish-spearer is harpooning ${ }^{C}$ Wbbw-fish,
Pa B1 自

261
Ne B1 d 3 bḥ̣
Ne B1 the djbherfisherman

I r píqrw
261
I is after píqr-fish.

Ne B1 jw wh ${ }^{c}{ }^{\mathrm{hb}} \mathrm{b}^{3}=\mathrm{f}$
Ne B1 The fisherman ravages the river.
jtrlw mk tw m mnt-jrj
Look, you are the same.

Pa B1




Ne B1 m ${ }^{\text {c }}$ Wn ḥwrw
| har jht=f
263
Ne B1 Do not defraud a poor man
I of his property,
Ne B1 fn rh.n=k sw $\quad$ Bw pw n
Ne B1 a slight man whom you know. The belongings of a pauper are his breath,

Pa B1


Ne B1 dbb fnd＝f pw nḥm
Ne B1 to take them away is to stop up his nose．
$\mathrm{Pa} \mathrm{B} 1 \rightarrow \infty \mathrm{Cl}^{\infty} \rightarrow \infty$
Ne B1 rdj．n．tw＝k r sdm mdt $\quad$ r wd ${ }^{c}$ snwj
Ne B1 You were appointed to hear cases，to judge between litigants，

| $\text { Pa B1 Oִ迎 } 11<\operatorname{mon}^{266}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
|  | 266 |
| Ne B1 r | $1 \mathrm{hsf}^{\text {c }} \mathrm{W} 3$－jrr＝f |
|  | 266 |
| Ne B1 and to | I punish the robber． |



Ne B1 But look，what you are doing is supporting the thief．


269

Ne B1 rdj．n．tw $=\mathrm{k}$ r dnjt In mir

## 269

I for the pauper，
Ne B1 You were appointed to be a dike
با

$$
1
$$

Pa B1 40 为 $-\infty$ 为
Ne B1 s’̉w mh＝f
Ne B1 so take care that he doesn＇t drown！


Ne B1 jw.jn rf shtj pn |r spr n=f 6nw sp

271
I to plead with him for a sixth time,

Ne B1 And this peasant came

272
Pa B1 $\sim$ 的

$10 \|$ 为
272
| nb sjsf grg
272

Ne B1 and he said: 'High steward, my lord, I lord who eradicates falsehood,

|  | $\left.1 \int \rho \oslash 0^{273}\right\|^{2} 8=\cdots$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Ne B1 shpr m3't shpr | ${ }^{273} \text { bw nb nfr sḥtm bw }{ }^{1}$ |
|  | 273 |
| Ne B1 who creates truth and creates | \| all goodness, who destroys [evil], |
| ${ }^{1}$ Perhaps meant was bw-dw. |  |



274
| $\mathrm{d} \mathrm{r}=\mathrm{f}$ ḥqr
274
I and ends hunger,

Ne B1 mj jw sỉw
Ne B1 like when satiety comes

Pa B1


III
 Ax sp is in 275
Ne B1 ḥbsw $\underline{d r}=\mathrm{f}$
h ${ }^{3} \mid \mathrm{wt}$
Ne B1 and clothes end nakedness,

Ne B1 mj htp pt r-s) $\underline{d}^{c}$
Ne B1 like when the sky becomes calm after a heavy storm
Pa B1 H

Ne B1 sšmm=s ḥ̣w nb

I mj ht pst wjdwt
277
I like fire that cooks what is raw,

Ne B1 and warms all who are chilled,

| Pa B1 |  | $\left.\overbrace{8}^{279}\right\|_{-\infty} ^{\square}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 278 | 279 |
| Ne B1 mj | $1 \mathrm{mw}{ }^{\text {Chm jbt }}$ m33 m | \| $\mathrm{hr} \mathrm{r}=\mathrm{k}$ |
|  | 278 | 279 |
| Ne B1 like | I water that quenches thirst! See with | I your own eyes: |


| $\mathrm{Pa} \mathrm{~B} 1 \rightleftarrows \text { of } X_{1} 1$ | R |
| :---: | :---: |
| Ne B1 psšw m ${ }^{\text {c }}$ Wnw | $\begin{aligned} & 280 \\ & \text { \| shrr m jr 3hw } \end{aligned}$ |
| Ne B1 the arbitrator is a cheat, | $280$ <br> I the appeaser is causing misery, |

Pa B1


Ne B1 stwlt m jr mnt
Ne B1 and he who should mitigate is causing suffering.

Pa B1 ${ }^{\circ}$
282
$\mathrm{Pa} \mathrm{B1} \mathrm{य}$
Ne B1 jw sjjt $\mid$ sšrr $=f$ m ${ }^{3}$ Ct mh nfr
282
Ne B1 Cheating I diminishes justice, so render good account,

Pa B1


○



283
Ne B1 n hqs In wbn mict
Ne B1 and justice will be neither insufficient nor excessive.

Ne B2
Ne B2
jr twt
So act accordingly!

| wgyt šw.tj m ${ }^{\text {c }} \mathrm{q}^{\text { }}$
284

Ne B1 If you acquire, then give to your fellow man, I for chewing is without merit.
13
Ne B2 jw gs n I 3 th $\mathrm{pw}=\mathrm{k}$ r šdt $=\mathrm{k}$
Ne B2 and your share of the cargo will be what you seize,


Ne B1 jw srhy $=\mathrm{j}$ jn.n=f rwwlt
Ne B1 and my accusation brought departure;

Pa B1
 -
Ne B1 n rh.n.tw wnnt m jb
Ne B1 one cannot know what is in the heart.

Pa B1
 288
Ne B1 \| m wsf jr rk r smjt $\mathrm{fdq}=\mathrm{k} \mathrm{nm} \mathrm{ts}=\mathrm{f}$
288
Ne B1 | Don't be negligent, act at the accusation! If you sever, who will join?

Ра B1 | صa figman man man 289
Ne B1 $\left.{ }^{C}{ }^{C}{ }^{3}\right\}-m W m^{c}=k$
289
Ne B1 | The sounding rod is in your hand,

Ne B1 mj ht wn sp n mwy hpr(.w)
Ne B1 a rod that makes waters accessible that have stayed behind (during low tide).


290
Ne B1 I If a ship goes down, it is looted and its cargo perishes on the ground


|  | 291 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Ne B1 | \| ḥr mrywt nbt |
| Ne B1 | 291 <br> I at every embankment. |

Ne B2 ḥr mryt nbt $\quad 14$ jw rh.tw
14
Ne B2 at every embankment. I It is known:


Ne B1 n js $\mathrm{n}^{\mathrm{C}} \mathrm{Wn} \quad \mathrm{jw}=\mathrm{k}$ jrr=k twtw bw-nb
Ne B1 but not for cheating! You act the same as everyone,

Ра B1 293
Ne B1 \| jw h'w=k m nwdw ${ }^{\text {C }}$ q' ${ }^{\text {' }}$
293
Ne B1 I and your environment is corrupt.
Ne B2 jw h3̉w=k m nwdw $\left.\right|^{17}$ ${ }^{17}$ n bw-nb
Ne B2 and every man in your environment is corrupt.
294
Pa B1


Ne B1 j $3 \mid t \mathrm{tj} \mathrm{n}$ t 3 r-dr=f
Ne B1 Molester of the entire land!


Ne B1 k3ny n bw-ḥwrw har
Ne B1 The cultivator of wickedness is
I watering his garden with


Ne B1 r ntf jyt n dt
Ne B1 and to water everlasting doom.'

297
Ne B1 I And this peasant came to plead with him for a seventh time,

Pa B1


Ne B1 and he said: I 'High steward, my lord, you are the helm of the entire land,


300
 300
Ne B1 \| wd ${ }^{c}$ nn rdjt har gs
300
Ne B1 I who judges without being partial.

Ne B1 nb=j w 3 ḥ $=k$ njs tw $s$

301


301
| $\mathrm{r} \mathrm{sp}=\mathrm{f} \mathrm{n}$ wn- $\mathrm{m}^{\mathrm{c}}{ }^{\mathrm{c}}$
301

Ne B1 My lord, may you condone that a man calls upon you I concerning his just cause.

Pa B1


Ne B1 m šnt $j b=k n n=k$ st
Ne B1 Don't be outrageous, it is not for you!
Pa B1

Ne B1 $\mid \underset{302}{\operatorname{hp} p}$
Ne B1 I One who was happy becomes anxious. Do not scheme for what has not yet come,

302

Pa B1
303
Ne B1 \｜ $\mathrm{m} \mathrm{h}^{\mathrm{C}} \mathrm{W} \mathrm{n}$ ntt n hprt jw whd siw＝f m hams 303
Ne B1 I do not rejoice in what has not yet happened！Considerateness extends friendship


Pa B1
305
定 2 年
305
Ne B1 n rh．n．tw wnnt m jb

I hb3 hp ḥd tp－ḥsb
305

Ne B1 one cannot know what is in the heart．I Subverter of the law，destroyer of rectitude！


Pa B1 \＆ O 路
Ne B1 $\left.h^{c}{ }^{c} d\right\}=f$ n wšd sw m ${ }^{3}{ }^{C} t$
Ne B1 if justice does not attend to him when he is robbed．


Pa B1 II
Ne B1 pr js m $\underline{h t} t=j n^{c} j r j$
Ne B1 It comes from my body because of the condition thereof：


Ne B1 I it is the breach of a dike, its waters pouring through, as my mouth opens to speak.


Pa B1
 Ne B1 snf. $n=j$ ntt $m \underline{h t}=j$ $j^{c} . n=j$ šs $\quad \mathrm{mw}=\mathrm{j}$
Ne B1 given vent to what was on my mind and washed my dirty linen.


311

Ne B1 I My speech is done and my misery has ended up before you,

Pa B1 $\square^{\circ} \wp$
312

Ne B1 ptr


312
| $\underline{d}^{3} 3 \mathrm{r} w=\mathrm{k} \quad \mathrm{j} w$ wsf $f=\mathrm{k}$ r tht $=\mathrm{k}$
312
Ne B1 what (more) I do you need? Your neglect will lead you astray,


Ne B1 jw snm=k r shpr hrwyw=k
Ne B1 and your greed will make you acquire enemies.

314

314
Ne B1 | jn-jw=k swt r gmt ky shtj mjtw=j
314
Ne B1 | Will you even find another peasant like me?
315
 315

315
Ne B1 I Or will the lazy petitioner be waiting at the door of his house?

## 316



316
Ne B1 | nn gr rdj. $n=k$ mdw=f
316
Ne B1 | There is none silent whom you let speak, none sleeping whom you roused,
Ne B2
Ne B2
nn sdr srs.n=k
nn sdr rdej. $n=k$ rs $=f$
none sleeping whom you roused,

317
 317
Ne B1 \| nn hb 3 ḥr sspd.n=k
317
Ne B1 I none downcast whom you enlivened,

|  |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

Ne B1 none speechless whose mouth you opened,

Ne B1 nn hm rdj. $\mathrm{n}=\mathrm{k}$ rh=f nn whí sbj. $\mathrm{n}=\mathrm{k}$
Ne B1 none ignorant whom you let know, none foolish whom you educated.
Ne B2
48

Ne B2
I uneducated whom you instructed.

319
 319
Ne B1 | hasrw dwt pw srw nbw bw-nfr pw
319
Ne B1 I Yet officials should be people who dispel injustice, lords of goodness,

Ne B1 | hemwt pw nt shbr ntt tsw tp hesq 320
Ne B1 I craftsmen in creating what is, people who mend a severed head.'


321
Ne B1 jw.jn rf \| shtj pn r spr n=f 8nw sp
Ne B1 And this peasant came to plead with him for an eighth time,
$\mathrm{Pa} \mathrm{B1}$
Ne B1 $\underset{\text { d }}{ }=$ f jmj-r' pr wr nb $=j$
Ne B1 and said: 'High steward, my lord, one sinks low through greed.

Pa B1


Ne B1 jw ${ }^{C}$ wn-jb šw=f $m$ sp
Ne B1 A greedy man is without achievement,

Pa B1 323

Ne B1 ${ }^{323}$ jw wn sp=f n wht $\quad j w{ }^{c}$ wn $j b=k$ nn $n=k$ st
323
Ne B1 I he achieves only failure. You are greedy but it does nothing for you,


Ne B1 $\mathrm{jw}^{\mathrm{C}} \mathrm{W} 3=\mathrm{k} \quad \mid \mathrm{nn} 3 \mathrm{~h} \mathrm{n}=\mathrm{k}$
Ne B1 you steal I but it's of no benefit to you.

Pa B1



Ne B1 rdj $\jmath^{C}{ }^{C}{ }^{c}$ s r sp=f nfr n wn-m $3^{C}$
Ne B1 You who should let a man attend his truly good cause!

Pa B1

## 325

Ne B1 | $\underline{\operatorname{hrt}} \mathbf{t = k ~ p w ~ m ~ p r = k ~}$
$\underline{\mathrm{h}} \mathrm{t}=\mathrm{k} \mathrm{mh} . \mathrm{tj}$
325
Ne B1 I In fact, your possessions are in your house and your stomach is full;
Pa B1 018 /
Ne B1 wbn jt $\mathrm{ttf}=\mathrm{s}$
Ne B1 the barley brims over since it is so abundant

Pa B1
326


326
Ne B1 \| ’q prw=s n t\}
327

326327
Ne B1 I and its excess perishes on the ground.
| Thief, robber, snatcher!

Pa B


Ne B1 srw jr.n.tw r $\{\mathrm{r}\}^{1}$ hasf r
Ne B1 The officials who were appointed to repel
${ }^{1}$ Error by Parkinson (1991) or scribal error?
${ }^{2}$ I assume the repetition of the ${ }^{\infty}$ is an error by Parkinson (1991).

Pa B1 气!



Ne B1 jbww pw n 〕dw
Ne B1 should be shelters from the agressor;


Ne B1 the officials who were appointed to eradicate I falsehood!
Pa B1 ए 出
Ne B1 n rdj. n snd $=\mathrm{k}$ spr

$$
\mathrm{n}=\mathrm{k}
$$

Ne B1 And the fear of you wouldn't permit appealing to you?
Ne B2 n rdj.n $\operatorname{snd}=k \quad \operatorname{spr}=\mathrm{j}$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 62 \\
& \mathrm{n}=\mathrm{k}
\end{aligned}
$$

62
Ne B2 And the fear of you wouldn't permit me to appeal I to you?


Ne B1 r jrt tst $n=k$
n snd. $\mathrm{n}=\mathrm{f} \mathrm{n} \mathrm{tw} 3 \mathrm{n}=\mathrm{f}$ st
Ne B1 to make a complaint to you, he cannot fear him to whom it is submitted,
Ne B2 ${ }^{63} \mathrm{r} j \mathrm{jrt} \underline{\mathrm{ts}} \mathrm{t}=\mathrm{f}$
n snd. $. \mathrm{n}=\mathrm{k} \mathrm{n} \mathrm{tw} 3 \mathrm{n}=\mathrm{k}$ st
Ne B2 I to make his complaint, you cannot fear him who submits it to you.

331
Ne B1 I n jn $\mathrm{sn}=\mathrm{fr} \mathrm{r}=\mathrm{k}$
m-hnw mrrt
331
Ne B1 I though no brother of his can be fetched to side against you in the street.


Ne B1 Your plots of land are in the country, I your earnings are in the estate

Ne B1 jw ${ }^{c}$ qw=k m šn ${ }^{c} \quad$ jw srw ḥr rdjt $\mathrm{n}=\mathrm{k}$
Ne B1 and your provisions in the storehouse. Officials are giving to you,

Ne B2
Ne B2

67
| har rdjt jn n=k
67
I are giving gifts to you,



333
Ne B1 I and you are still robbing. Are you a thief?
Ne B2
$j n-j w=k r f \mid m{ }^{c} w j y ~ j n-j w ~ s \underline{B} . t w n=k$
Ne B2


Pa B1


Ne B1 jr m3't n
335
I nb m3 ${ }^{\mathrm{C}} \mathrm{t}$
335
Ne B1 Do justice for
| the Lord of Justice,


Ne B1 ntj wn m $3^{c^{\mathrm{t}} \mathrm{nt}} \mathrm{m}^{3}{ }^{\mathrm{C}} \mathrm{t}=\mathrm{f}$
Ne B1 whose justice has justice!


338
Ра в1 勺勺t
Ne B1 nfr nfrt nfr $\mathrm{r}=\mathrm{f}$
Ne B1 The goodness of a good man is good to him,
$140 F \frac{\pi}{0} \Rightarrow \cdots 1+\infty$
338
I jw swt mict r nḥ
338
| but justice is for eternity.

Ne B2 nfr nfrt nfr rf nfrt
Ne B2 When goodness is good, goodness is good indeed,


340
Pa B1 $1 \circ$ §


340
Ne B1 jw qrs.twl=f $\quad \mathrm{sm}^{3} \mathrm{t}^{\dagger} \mathrm{jm}=\mathrm{f}$
Ne B1 When he is buried, and earth envelops him,


Ne B1 n sjn.tw

341
| $\mathrm{rn}=\mathrm{ftp} \mathrm{t}\}$

Ne B1 his name is not effaced on earth

Ne B1 $\{\mathrm{jw}=\mathrm{f}\} \mathrm{jw}$ sh$\}$. $\mathrm{tw}=\mathrm{f}$ h h
bw- $\operatorname{lnfr}$
Ne B1 and he is remembered on account of the goodness.

Ne B1 tp-ḥsb pw n mdw-ntr
jn jwsw
| pw
Ne B1 This is the norm of the divine word. If it is a 'hand'-balance,
Ne B2 tp-ḥsb n mdw-ntr
Ne B2 The norm of the divine word:

Ne B1 ng $\{\mathrm{r}\} \mathrm{s}\} . \mathrm{n}=\mathrm{f} \quad \mathrm{jn}$ mh3t

344
| pw

Ne B1 then it is not crooked. If it is a 'stand'-balance,


345
| r jwt mk ky r jwt
345
I will come, and another will come,

Ne B1 wšd=k
Ne B1 so you should inquire!


Pa B1 这 的
Ne B1 m ph ntj n ph.n=f
n sfl. $\mathrm{n}=\mathrm{k}$ n mn. $\mathrm{n}=\mathrm{k}$
Ne B1 Do not attack one who cannot attack. You show no mercy, you are not troubled,

Pa B1


Ne B2 n bh3. $\mathrm{n}=\mathrm{k}$
Ne B2 you do not flee,


Ne B1 nor do you give me a reward for this good speech

Ne B1 prrt m rin $\mathrm{R}^{c}$ d $\mathrm{d}=\mathrm{f}$
Ne B1 that comes forth from the mouth of Re himself!


Ne B1 I Speak justice and do justice!
For it is mighty,
85
Ne B2
l jr rkn=j m $3^{3} \mathrm{C}$
85
Ne B2
I Do justice to me!

Ne B1 $\left.\right|^{352}$ sj w’h $\mathrm{sj} \quad$ gmw.tw $\mathrm{kft}=\mathrm{s}$
Ne B1 I it is great, it is enduring, one will find its trustworthiness,


353
Ne B1 | it will lead to blessedness. Can a balance be crooked
Ne B2
n gsj jwsw
Ne B2
A balance cannot be crooked

355
Pa B1


Ne B1 ḥnkww=f pw
| fyyw jhwt
Ne B1 when it is its pans that weigh things?


Ne B1 There can be no excess of rectitude.


Ne B1 hrj-si r ssh th
Ne B1 but the hindermost will reach land.'

Ne B2 \| jw.jn rf shtj pn r spr n=f 9nw sp
Ne B2 I And this peasant came to plead with him for a ninth time,


Ne B2 I and said: 'High steward, my lord, the tongue of people is their 'stand'-balance,


Ne B2 jrr hsft r hsfwn $n=f$
Ne B2 and inflicts punishment on him who ought to be punished.

Pa B2


Ne B2 sn.tw tp-ḥsb r=k
95
Ne B2 One sets the standard after you. I Falsehood [...] when its need arises,


Ne B2 I but the truth returns to correct it. Truth is an aspect of falsehood,

Ne B2 sw $3 \underline{d}=f \mathrm{pw}$
n nw.tw=f

Ne B2 which means it is made to thrive but it is not gathered in.
98

Ne B2 \| jr šm grg jw=f tnm=f
98
Ne B2 I When falsehood sets out, it goes astray.






Ne B2 his boat cannot moor in its harbour.


Ne B2 m dns $n \mathrm{j} s=\mathrm{k}$
Ne B2 Don't be heavy, you haven't been light!

104
Pa B2




Ne B2 \| m jhm n h 3 h $h=k$
$\mathrm{m} \mathrm{nm}^{\mathrm{c}}$
104
Ne B2 I Don't delay, you haven't been swift! Don't be partial!


| Pa B2 |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Ne B2 m šp $\mathrm{hr}=\mathrm{kr}$ | 106 |
| Ne B2 Don't be blind to | 106 |
|  | I someone who looks to you! |

Ра в2 ชo
Ne B2 m nj tw ${ }^{3}$ tw

107


107
$1 \mathrm{mp} \mathrm{p}^{3} \mathrm{wsf}$
107

Ne B2 Don't fend off someone who appeals to you! May you abandon | this neglect,

Ра в2
Ne B2 smj.tw $\underline{t} \mathbf{s}=\mathrm{k}$
| jr n jrr n=k
108
Ne B2 and may your verdict be accounced! | Act for him who acts for you

Ne B2 m sdm n bw-nb r=f
Ne B2 and don't listen to anyone who is against him!

Pa B2


Ne B2 njs s

109
Ir sp=f n wn-mi ${ }^{3} \quad$ nn sf n wsfw

Ne B2 Summon a man I concerning his just cause! There is no yesterday for the negligent,


Ne B2
I nn hnms n sh m ${ }^{3} \mathrm{Ct}$
110
Ne B2
I no friend for him who is deaf to truth


111
nfr $n^{c}$ wn-jb

Ne B2 and no holiday for the greedy.

Pa B2

Ne B2 hpr wtsw m

Ne B2 hpr wtsw m
Ne B2 The accuser becomes


I m3̉ry
112
I wretched,

Ne B2 m3ry r sprw
Ne B2 wretched to be a suppliant,

Ne B2 \| hpr hft m sm3̉w
Ne B2 I and the opponent becomes a murderer.
Pa B2
Ne B2 mk wj hr spr

Ne B2 Look, I am pleading with $\quad 114$

| $\text { Ра в2 } 4 \text { C觜 } \Delta \text { ת }$ |
| :---: |

Ne B2 $j w=j r$ šmt $s p r=j$
Ne B2 I will go and plead
| ḥr=k n Jnpw
115
I concerning you with Anubis.'

Pa B2
Ne B2
Ne B2
Nenn

Pa B2


Ne B2 jb=f jrr.tw
118
| r hsf $\mathrm{n}=\mathrm{f}$
118
I to punish him
Ne B2 thinking it was done

Ne B2 hrr mdt tn ddt.n=f dd.jn shtj pn
Ne B2 on account of these words that he had said. And this peasant said:

Ne B2 \| hasfw n jb m mw
Ne B2 | 'A thirsty man's approach of water,


Ne B2 the reach of a nurseling's mouth for milk,


122

Ne B2 $\quad$ j jj wdf $m w t=f r=f$
Ne B2 I when his death comes tardily for him.'

123
Ne B2 dd.jn jmj-r'3 pr wr I Mrw s’ Rnsj
m snd shtj

Ne B2 Then the high steward Rensi, son of Meru, said: 'Don't be afraid, peasant!


#  <br> Ne B2 $\mathrm{wnm}=\mathrm{j} 3 \mathrm{mt}=\mathrm{k} \quad \mathrm{swr}=\mathrm{j}\}$ <br> Ne B2 'So I will eat your bread and drink <br>  <br> Ne B2 dd.n jmj-rỉ pr wr | Mrw si Rnsj si grt ${ }^{\text {C }}$ <br> Ne B2 The high steward Rensi, son of Meru, said: 'Now wait here 

|  | 128 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Pa B2 | $\mathscr{\infty}$ |
| Ne B2 | 128 \| $\operatorname{sdm}=\mathrm{k}$ n3y $=\mathrm{k}$ n sprwt |
| Ne B2 | 128 <br> I and hear your petitions!' |

129

Ne B2 rdj.jn=f šd.tw

129
$\mid \mathrm{hr}{ }^{\mathrm{C}} \mathrm{rt}$ m3't sprt nbt

Ne B2 And from a new papyrus roll he had every petition read out

Ne B2 r hrt[=s]
Ne B2 according to [its] content.


130

130
Ne B2 I Then the high steward Rensi, son of Meru, delivered them

Ne B2 \| n ḥm n nsw-bjtj
$\mathrm{Nb}-\mathrm{k} 3 \mathrm{w}-\mathrm{R}^{\mathrm{C}} \mathrm{m} 3^{\mathrm{C}}$-hrw
Ne B2 I to the majesty of the king of Upper and Lower Egypt Nebkaure, justified,


Pa B2
Ne B2 wn.jn nfr st har jb=f |r jht nbt ntt m th pn r-dr=f
Ne B2 and they pleased his heart I more than anything in this entire land.


Pa B2


Ne B2 rdd.jn jmj-r’ pr wr | Mrw s3 Rnsj šm jmj-sj 2 r [jnt Nmtj-nht]
Ne B2 And the high steward Rensi, son of Meru, sent two guards to [fetch Nemtinakht].

Pa B2
acilman min
136

136

Ne B2 $\mid{ }^{C} h^{c} \cdot n$ gm.n=f tpw 6
136
Ne B2 I He found six persons


137
Ne B2 ḥrw-r [...]
$\mid r \check{s i m}^{c}=f r b t j=f r^{c} 3 w=f$
137
I his barley, his emmer, his donkeys,

Pa B2 筩等


Ne B2
138
｜ r šJW＝f r ${ }^{\mathrm{C}} \mathrm{Wt}[=\mathrm{f}][\ldots]$
138
Ne B2
I his swine，［his］small cattle，［．．．］


141
Pa B2


Ne B2［．．．］｜n Nmtj－nht pn［．．．］
141
Ne B2［．．．］I of this Nemtinakht［．．．］
142
Pa B2
2n口o

142
Ne B2 I This was copied［from start to finish as found in writing］．


[^0]:    1.6

[^1]:    85
    Pa B1
    Ne B1 \| sšmw n jwtt ntt
    85
    Ne B1 | leader of all that is not and all that is,

[^2]:    195
    Pa B1
    
    

    Ne B1 m sbn jr rk ḥ̣w šd

    195
    | har nfryt
    195
    I on the tiller rope.

[^3]:    211
    Pa B1
    

    Ne B1 \| sdmw n 3 sdm. $n=k \quad$ tm $=\mathrm{k}$ tr sdm har-m 211
    Ne B1 I Hearer, you do not really hear. But why do you not hear?

